

A HOW-TO GUIDE FOR THE HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY

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PRESENTERS





John E. Heintz – Partner, Dickstein Shapiro

- more than 30 years of experience in corporate insurance coverage and complex litigation
- ■2012 edition of Legal 500 recognized Mr. Heintz as a "leading lawyer"
- ■2011 Chambers USA ranked Mr. Heintz as one of the top 12 leading insurance coverage attorneys



Jacob Parsons - Director, The Claro Group

- part of the firm's Disputes, Claims and Investigations practice
- specializes in quantifying & understanding complex financial and economic issues
- extensive experience helping policyholders to prepare, present and successfully resolve major claims.



Jared Zola - Partner, Dickstein Shapiro

- Northeast Regional leader
- leads the group's Property & Business Interruption Practice
- ■2013 Chambers USA: America's Leading Lawyers for Business ranked him in the "Policyholder: New York" category



A HOW-TO GUIDE FOR THE HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY

Maximizing Insurance Proceeds for a Large-Scale First-Party Loss



OVERVIEW



- Introduction
- Hypothetical Loss Scenario
- Initial Steps
- Insured Obligations
- Potential Coverage Issues
- Common Mistakes to Avoid
- Roadmap to Successful Claim Resolution
- Questions



LARGE-SCALE LOSSES



GABLE THE GLOBE AND MAIL Toronto CANADA





HYPOTHETICAL LOSS SCENARIO

- Acme Hospitality is a full service Real Estate company that owns hotels in Florida, Louisiana and Texas.
- On August 1, 2014, Hurricane Barth made landfall along the Texas Gulf Coast causing widespread damage throughout the region.
- Acme has two properties that were impacted by Hurricane Barth in different ways...





HYPOTHETICAL LOSS SCENARIO

- Seaside Hotel, Galveston
 - •Acme closed this property in advance of Barth, pursuant to mandatory evacuation orders by City Manager.
 - Hotel suffered catastrophic structural damage and was deemed a total loss.
 - Acme plans to rebuild the hotel with a larger ballroom and 15% more rooms.
 - Restoration is expected to take 12 -15 months.





HYPOTHETICAL LOSS SCENARIO

Inland Hotel, Houston

- Sustained minimal property damage (missing shingles and loose gutters), but was without grid supplied power for 10 days.
- Hotel remained open and sold out for 3 days immediately following Barth, but was forced to close for the next 7 days after fuel for the generator became unavailable in the region.
- The nearby MLS stadium suffered major roof damage and is expected to be closed for 6 months. Inland typically sells out for every Dynamo home game.





WHAT STEPS SHOULD ACME TAKE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE LOSS?





STEP 1 - ASSEMBLE A CLAIMS TEAM

- •Acme should assemble a cross-functional team compromised of internal and external resources, to assist with the evaluation, analysis and preparation of its claim.
- Team lead should be a senior member of the organization who is committed to championing the claim to resolution.





STEP 1 - ASSEMBLE A CLAIMS TEAM

Supporting team resources may include the following:

- Internal
 - Risk & Insurance
 - Construction & Development
 - Operations
 - Finance & Accounting
 - In-House Counsel

External

- Broker
- Forensic Accountant
- Coverage Counsel
- Engineering/ Construction Consultants



STEP 2 - REVIEW POLICIES TO DETERMINE IF LOSS IS COVERED



Potentially applicable coverages may include:

Coverage	Seaside Hotel	Inland Hotel
Property Damage	✓	?
Business Interruption	✓	*
Service Interruption	✓	✓
Civil Authority	✓	×
Ingress/Egress	✓	×
Extra Expense	✓	✓
Contingent BI/Dependent Prop.	✓	✓
Event Cancellation	✓	?

STEP 2 - REVIEW POLICIES TO DETERMINE IF LOSS IS COVERED



Limits & Sublimits

- Real Property
- Personal Property
- Equipment Breakdown
- Loss of Business Income
- Extra Expense
- Named Storm or Wind
- Flood
- Earth Movement
- Demolition
- Debris Removal

- Employee payroll
- Professional Fees
- Errors & Omissions
- Etc...



STEP 2 - REVIEW POLICIES TO DETERMINE IF LOSS IS COVERED



- Deductibles & Waiting Periods
 - Fixed \$ amount
 - % of TIV (separate for PD and BI or combined?)
 - % of TIV with a min or max
 - # of days or hours
- Exclusions
 - Coverage bars





STEP 3 - PROVIDE NOTICE

- Acme should provide notice of the loss to all potentially affected carriers as prescribed in their policy(ies).
- Policies typically require notice to be:
 - Timely "immediate", "as soon as practicable" or "as soon as possible"; and
 - In writing
 - Some states require prejudice for insurer to avoid coverage for late notice





STEP 3 - PROVIDE NOTICE

- If broker is handling notice, Acme should ask to be copied on the notice tender and all other correspondence relating to the claim
 - Follow up with broker and/or carrier(s) if notice has not been acknowledged within 48 hours.
- Calendar deadline for filing proof of loss



WHAT ARE ACME'S DUTIES BEYOND PROVIDING NOTICE?



- Take all reasonable steps to protect the property from further damage
- Furnish list of all lost, damaged or destroyed property
- Permit adjuster to inspect the damaged property and take samples for inspection, testing and analysis
- Produce for inspection and copying, all of your books of account, business records, bills and invoices



WHAT ARE ACME'S DUTIES BEYOND PROVIDING NOTICE?



- Submit to examinations under oath
- Abide by contractual limitation periods
- File a signed, sworn, Proof of Loss within time period, as extended
- Cooperate with the investigation and adjustment of loss



WHAT ARE SOME COVERAGE ISSUES THAT ACME POTENTIALLY FACES IN THE LOSS ADJUSTMENT PROCESS?



Seaside Hotel

- Discrepancy between scheduled property value and actual restoration cost
- Distinguishing replacement cost from the incremental cost of betterments
- Impact of betterments on the period of restoration, extended period of restoration and related business interruption losses
- Coverage for extra expenses (i.e. training new staff)
- Business interruption make-up at other locations
- Impact of event on local economy
- Impact of hotel performance prior to loss or claim
- Ramp-up to "reopening"



WHAT ARE SOME COVERAGE ISSUES THAT ACME POTENTIALLY FACES IN THE LOSS ADJUSTMENT PROCESS?



Inland Hotel

- Loss potentially subject to high deductible for Wind or Named Storm
- Burden to demonstrate that service interruption and stadium damage were caused by an insured peril
- Extraordinary "gains" over first 3 days may offset a portion of the losses experienced over the following 7 days
- Lengthy and uncertain period of restoration



WHAT ARE SOME COMMON MISTAKES THAT ACME SHOULD STRIVE TO AVOID?



- Underinsured
- Late notice
- Disjointed commutations with adjuster
- Premature estimates of loss
- Unrealistic expectations -- confuse the actual loss with the covered loss
- Passively allow the Adjuster's team to quantify the loss
- Missed deadlines





- Timely and Strategic Communication
 - Team lead should control all communication with the carriers
 - Keep the carriers apprised of your plans and seek input or buy-in on major decisions
 - Be cognizant that every email, memo, analysis could be viewed by the carriers in a litigation context



- Be Proactive About Managing the Claim Process
 - Do not rely on the insurance company's adjuster to look out for your best interests
 - Establish early on that you are carefully and fully preparing a fair, credible claim for all losses to which you may be entitled under relevant policies
 - Implement critical path milestones to keep things moving forward





- Fully and fairly respond to carrier requests
 - Deal with carriers in good faith and respond to all reasonable requests in a timely manner
 - Propose alternatives (i.e. sampling approach) if requests are overly burdensome
 - Push back if demands are irrelevant to your claim
 - Consider using a web-based file share site to communicate and organize claim and claim support documentation





- Prepare and periodically submit claim summaries and support packages
 - Prepare a preliminary estimate of loss as soon as practicable so that carrier can consider this information when they set a claim reserve
 - Periodically update claim estimate; distinguish incurred costs and realized losses from estimated future costs/losses
 - Submit claims in well-organized and supported packages





- Demand payment for undisputed elements of claim
 - Identify and document hard costs low hanging fruit
 - Interim payments should be requested once sufficient claim dollars documented excess of applicable deductibles
- Document loss as you go
 - Obtain written confirmation of significant decisions from carrier





- Be prepared for settlement negotiations
 - Develop internal analysis of claim value and establish a target settlement range
 - Set internal expectations on strengths and weaknesses of claim
 - Anticipate challenges and be prepared to offer solutions
 - Consider all relevant factors, not just coverage, legal, technical, but also relationships, market factors, renewal, etc.





- Conduct Negotiations on Principal-to-Principal Basis
 With True "Decision Makers" present from all
 Parties
 - Cuts through the usual "filtering" done by both sides' advocates
 - Important that claim is mature enough before such meeting takes place
- Be Flexible
 - In any complex claim, there are inevitably new, unexpected issues that arise or your perspective on things changes as more information about claim is developed
 - Be prepared to walk away and come back to table at later time



QUESTIONS





