

The Federal Tip Credit Under Fire: How Do You Properly Pay Tipped Employees?

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Speakers

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2008 Study in Low Wage Industries

- 26% of workers paid less than minimum wage
- 76% of those who work overtime not properly paid
- 70% of those working outside regular shift not paid
- 30% of tipped workers not paid min. tipped wage
- 12% of tipped workers experience "tip stealing"
- 44% of workers had some pay violation in last year





- General Rule:
 - Minimum wage (currently \$7.25)
 - Overtime
 - 1 ½ times regular rate over 40 hours/week





- Tipped employees
 - Minimum wage of \$2.13 per hour, plus tips



- FLSA Collective Actions
 - One person sues
 - Seeks conditional class certification
 - Unbelievably lenient "Similarly Situated" standard
 - Court approves notice to class members





- Invitation to opt-in
- Response rate varies usually 10-25%
- Discovery on entire class
- Company moves to decertify class
- —Trial
- -Elapsed time: 3 Years +















- 200 servers and bartenders
- Average 30 hours per week
- Paid \$2.13 per hour, with \$5.12 per hour tip credit
- Error causes loss of tip credit





- 30 hours per week
 - = 1,560 hours per year

- 1,560 x \$5.12
 - = \$7,987.20 per employee per year





200 employees

x \$7,987.20 x 3 years = \$4,792,320

PLUS Liquidated Damages 4,792,320

Employees' Attorneys' Fees 500,000

Your Attorneys' Fees 400,000

\$10,484,640













May 2005

Applebee's acquires 12 stores from franchisee

<u>June 2005</u>

DOL investigation at former franchisee store





March 2006

Payment to associates to end DOL action

April 2006

 Bartender Gerald Fast asks HR why he did not get check





July 2006

Fast files suit

September 2006

"Blitz" interviews of co-workers

December 2006

Motion for summary judgment filed





February 2007

Motion to certify class

May 2007

 Court denies motion for summary judgment, announces new legal standard for tipped employee analysis





June 2007

Court conditionally certifies class

July 2007

- Applebee's seeks interlocutory appeal
- Applebee's visits Wage & Hour
 Administrator in D.C.





August 2007

Court denies interlocutory appeal

September 2007

 Notices sent to 43,000 putative class members

December 2007

 Applebee's begins expert time-andmotion study





February 2008

- 5,550 opt-ins join (13%)

August 2008

- Plaintiffs' experts opine tipped employees spend 47.8% of their time on "non-tipped" work
- Claim lost wages of \$6.1 to \$6.7 million





January 2009

Motion to decertify class

March 2009

DOL issues, then withdraws, clarifying opinion letter





August 2009

- Court denies motion to decertify class
- Court allows parties to seek interlocutory appeal, vacates summary judgment ruling

October 2009

 Parties complete briefing on legal issues, await trial court's revised summary judgment ruling





Realities of Class Litigation

- Cost
 - Attorneys
 - Experts
- Business disruption
- Dealing with employee/plaintiffs
- Communication with franchisees, others
- Education of and advice to client
 - Changes in operations?
 - Settlement?





Requirements for Tip Credit







Requirements for Tip Credit

- At least \$30 a month in tips
- Cash wage of at least \$2.13 per hour
- Tips make up difference between cash wage and minimum wage
- Tips not used to satisfy overtime premium
- Employer informs employees of tip credit
- Employees retain all tips, except valid tip pool
- Employee engaged in tipped occupation





Tipped Occupation – Statute

"Tipped employee" is employee
"engaged in an occupation in which he
customarily and regularly receives more
than \$30 a month in tips."





Tipped Occupation – Regs.

 Record keeping regulation requires record of hours worked in "occupation in which the employee receives tips"

 Other regulations emphasize "occupation"





Tipped Occupation – Dual Jobs Reg.

If employee works in "dual jobs" (such as server and maintenance person), no tip credit for time in non-tipped occupation.

<u>BUT</u> related duties in a tipped occupation (such as making coffee and occasionally washing dishes) need not themselves be directed toward producing tips.





Tipped Occupation – DOL Handbook

If tipped employees spend a substantial amount of time (in excess of 20%) performing preparation work or maintenance, no tip credit may be taken for such time.





Tipped Occupation – Fast v. Applebee's Ruling

A jury must sort duties into three categories:

- Tip producing duties (tip credit available)
- 2. Duties incidental to tip producing duties (tip credit only if <20% of overall duties)
- 3. Duties unrelated to tip producing duties (no tip credit)





Tipped Occupation – Fast v. Applebee's Ruling

- Unworkable result
 - Requires perpetual surveillance
 - Requires hundreds of time entries each day
 - No assurance of compliance because jury decides on case-by-case basis





Where Do We Go From Here?







Where Do We Go From Here?

 If Court of Appeals accepts appeal, briefing and argument (with amicus support) in 2010, decision in early 2011

If rejects appeal, bench trial in mid-2010





Where Do We Go From Here?

Applebee's is not alone!

- What can you do?
 - Support trade group efforts
 - Monitor extent of work on ancillary tasks
 - Consider full minimum wage for pre-open and post-close





Questions?





